

# Mastering Continuous Control Monitoring Enhancing Internal Auditing and Risk



#### Chris Trepte, Client Partner

- Chris Trepte is a Client Partner at Diligent who works with and supports clients across Audit, Risk and Compliance teams within the State, Local, and Education Department as well as Federal Government verticals.
- Prior to joining Diligent, Chris had 8+ years of experience at BDO and Protiviti, leading and executing IT consulting engagements encompassing IT General Controls, SOC 2 Readiness, ICFR, SOX and NIST Compliance as well as ad-hoc IT Security reviews.





## **Learning Objectives**

- Understand the concept of Continuous Control Monitoring (CCM) and its significance in modern internal auditing and risk management.
- 2. Learn the key principles and components of CCM, including automated data collection, realtime monitoring, and exception reporting.
- 3. Explore the benefits of implementing CCM, such as improved fraud detection, enhanced compliance, and streamlined audit processes.
- 4. Acquire practical knowledge on how to assess your organization's readiness for CCM and develop an effective CCM strategy.



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## Agenda

- 1. Introduction to Continuous Control Monitoring (CCM)
- 2. Where to incorporate CCM
- 3. Steps to achieving CCM
- 4. Examples of CCM in practice
- 5. Assess your readiness
- 6. Getting Started



# Introduction to Continuous Control Monitoring



The ongoing process of monitoring and assessing internal controls within an organization to ensure compliance, efficiency, and risk mitigation

Definition of CCM



#### **Increasing Complexity**

In the modern business landscape, organizations face increasing complexity and risk.

#### **Manual Audits**

Traditional auditing methods are no longer sufficient.

#### Continuous

CCM offers a proactive and dynamic approach to internal auditing and risk management.









## Significance of CCM

#### • Timely Risk Identification

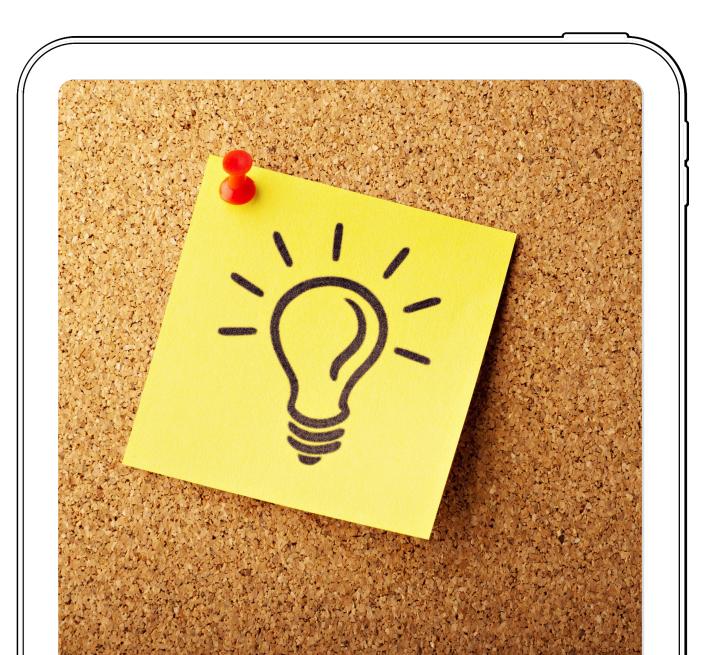
- Rapid detection of control weaknesses and vulnerabilities.
- Allows for immediate corrective action.

#### • Cost-Efficiency

- Reduces the cost of manual audits and compliance checks.
- Maximizes resource allocation.

#### • Enhanced Compliance

- Ensures adherence to regulatory requirements.
- Reduces the risk of fines and penalties.





## Polling Question #1

# Where is your organization on its journey toward Continuous Controls Monitoring?

- A. We haven't started yet and have no plans to anytime soon
- B. We are either considering or planning to start a CCM program
- C. We have an early stage CCM program
- D. We have a medium stage CCM program
- E. We have a robust CCM program





# Where to Incorporate CCM



# Risk Area vs. Resource Allocation

Risk Area	Resource Allocation
Strategic Risk	10%
Operational Risk	10%
Financial Risk	40%
Compliance Risk	40%



	Risk Area	Time		Risk Area	Time
Now let's flip it	Strategic Risk	10%			40%
	Operational Risk	10%		Strategic Risk	
	Financial Risk	40%	to	Operational Risk	40%
	Compliance Risk	40%		' Financial Risk	10%
Diligent				Compliance Risk	10%



# But what about the stuff we used to do?

Risk Area	Time
Strategic Risk	40%
Operational Risk	40%
Financial Risk	10%
Compliance Risk	10%



# But what about the stuff we used to do?





# But what about the stuff we used to do?





### Key Areas to Begin With

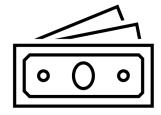
### IT

- Obsolete User Access
- User Account Information Discrepancies
- Delays in User Account Deactivation
- Dormant Accounts



#### Finance

- Duplicate Payments / Invoices
- Split Purchase Requisitions
- Employee-Vendor Match
- Suspicious Pcard Activity





# Key Principles and Components of CCM



				Continuous
			Automated	Investigation and remediation of DA
		Repeatable	Processes are automated in an	program analysis now part of the overall
	Adhoc / Manual	Processes are now repeatable in a DA tool but still require manual action/execution	RDA/RPA tool and require little to no manual action	process. Meta data of program efficiency reportable
No Process	Focuses on ad- hoc/manual testing for			
No data analytic program exists today; rely on canned reports	both process and risk- based analysis			



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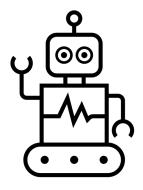
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	2	3	4	5



## **Core Principles**

#### Automation

- Manual control monitoring can be timeconsuming, error-prone, and inefficient.
- Automation streamlines the process, improves accuracy, and provides real-time insights.
- It allows organizations to identify issues promptly and take corrective action.



#### **Real-Time Monitoring**

- Automation enables real-time monitoring of controls.
- Identify issues as they happen, allowing for immediate intervention.
- Reduce the risk of costly errors or compliance breaches.

#### **Exception Reporting**

- Identify problems before they escalate.
- Allows for data-driven insights for better decision making.
- Improved resource allocation by focusing on critical issues





## **Key Components**

#### Automated Data Collection

- Collect data from various sources, such as ERP systems, databases, and logs, in an automated and real-time manner.
- Define specific rules and thresholds that indicate control violations or anomalies.

**Rule Engine** 

• Immediate notification and action of potential issues.





#### **Continuous Improvement**

 Ongoing assessment and enhancement of CCM processes to adapt to evolving risks and business needs.

#### Analytics and Reporting

 Analyze large datasets, detect patterns, and generate insightful reports.

#### **Remediation Workflow**

- Establish a process for addressing and remediating control deficiencies once identified.
- Ensuring that issues are addressed systematically and in a timely manner.





# Benefits of Implementing CCM



## Polling Question #2

# What benefits are you hoping to achieve through CCM?

- A. Improved risk management
- B. Enhanced compliance
- C. Increased efficiency / Resource Optimization
- D. Cost reduction
- E. All of the above





## **Enhanced Accuracy**

#### • Real-Time Data Collection

- Eliminates manual data entry errors.
- Improves the accuracy and reliability of audit findings.
- Immediate Alerts
  - Timely detection of anomalies.
  - Enables rapid decision making, corrective action, and business improvement.





## **Timely Risk Identification**

#### • Proactive Risk Management

- Early detection of control weaknesses.
- Mitigates potential risks before they escalate.
- Manual preventative controls replaced with automated detective controls.

#### • Compliance Adherence

- Ensures compliance with regulatory requirements.
- Reduces the risk of fines and penalties.



## **Improved Efficiency**

#### • Resource Optimization

- Allocates resources where they are needed most.
- Enhances operational efficiency.

#### • Cost Savings

- Reduces the cost of manual audits and compliance checks.
- Maximizes resource allocation.
- Minimize the cost of compliance.





"Continuous auditing could save 40% to 60% of the time wasted in audits waiting for auditees to prepare data, verify data accuracy, preparing reports, getting responses, etc."

Abdulrahman Sobhi, Head of Group Digital Audit Unit

Gulf Insurance Group



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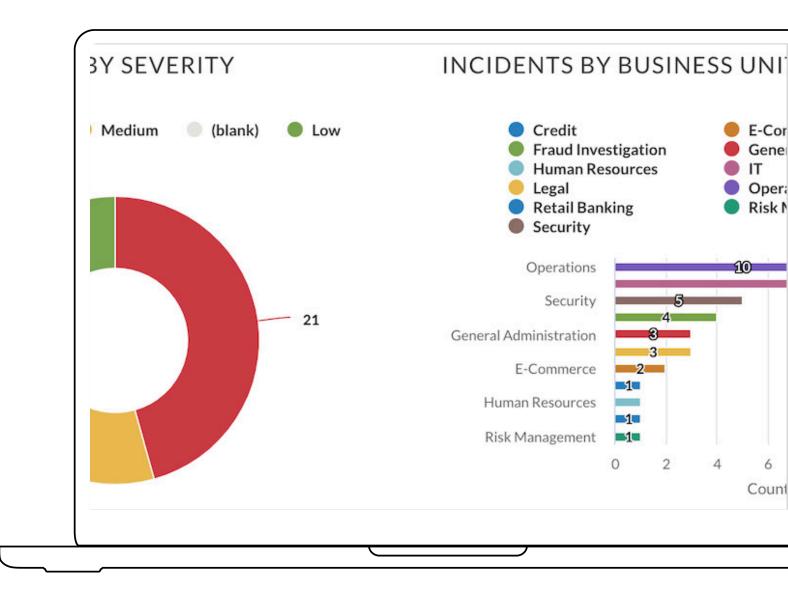
## **Real-Time Reporting**

#### • Instant Insights

- Provides immediate insights to decision-makers.
- Enables proactive decision-making.

#### • Data-Driven Decisions

- Equips leaders with the information needed for strategic planning.
- Supports data-driven decisionmaking.





## **Increased Accountability**

#### • Transparent Reporting

- Demonstrates accountability to stakeholders.
- Builds trust and confidence.
- Ethical Conduct
  - Upholds ethical standards by identifying and addressing control breaches.





## **Regulatory Compliance**

#### • Adherence to Regulations

- Ensures compliance with industry-specific regulations.
- Provides documented evidence for audits.
- Audit Trail
  - Maintains a detailed audit trail of control activities.
  - Facilitates regulatory reporting.





# Assessing Readiness for CCM



### **Assessing Organizational Readiness**

#### Leadership Commitment

- Top-Down Support
- Must get buy-in from leadership
- Set the tone for a culture of compliance

#### Technological Infrastructure

- Evaluate capacity of Existing Technology
  - Data collection, analysis and reporting
- Identify gaps in technology

### Data Quality

- Ensure the integrity, accuracy and completeness of data
- Data cleansing and validation

#### **Employee Expertise**

- Assess the proficiency of the audit and IT teams
- Identify gaps in skills
- Provide training on CCM tools and processes



## Polling Question #3

# What is the biggest challenge you have faced in implementing CCM?

- A. Lack of resources / Lack of talent
- B. Difficulty accessing / organizing required data
- C. Integration issues with existing systems
- D. Resistance from stakeholders
- E. Regulatory compliance concerns





Strategy Components

### **Define objectives**

- Setting Clear Goals
  - Defining what the organization aims to achieve with CCM.
  - Objectives should be specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and time-bound (SMART).





Strategy Components

### Select technology

- Choosing the Right Tools
  - Select CCM tools that align with organizational needs and capabilities.
  - Consider scalability and compatibility with existing systems.





Strategy Components

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#### **Establish monitoring protocols**

- Rule-Based Alerts and Thresholds
  - Define rules and thresholds for exception reporting.
  - Create a structured framework for monitoring.



Strategy Components

#### Plan for continuous improvement

- Feedback and Adaptation
  - Encourage feedback from users and stakeholders
  - Regularly assess the effectiveness of the CCM strategy and make necessary adjustments

#### Alignment with organizational goals

• Ensure the CCM strategy aligns with the overall strategic direction.





## **Challenges and Mitigations**

### **Common Challenges**

- Resistance to change
- Resource constraints
- Data privacy concerns.

### Solutions

- Change management initiatives
- Resource allocation strategies
- Data encryption
- Compliance with data privacy regulations.

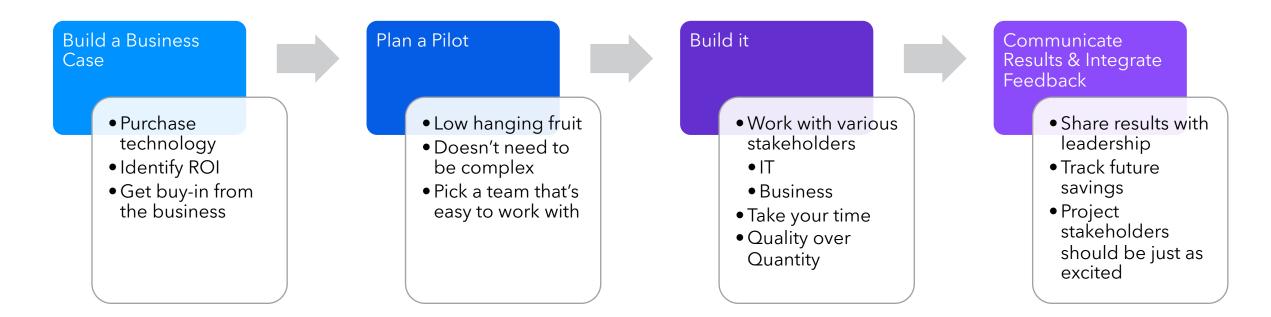




# Getting Started



## Four Easy Steps



#### Analytics Buyer's Guide





## Implementing CCM

Tactical Approach

Processes / Controls	Control Objectives	Automated Tests	Frequency	Communicate
<ol> <li>Identify processes or controls</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Identify control objectives (or goals) and key</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Define automated tests (or metrics) that will drive</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Determine the schedule / frequency,</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Implement processes for managing alerts,</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>Through assessments define scope of control assurance.</li> </ul>	assurance assertions for each control objective.	success or failure criteria of each assertion	ensuring to test at a point in time close to when the transactions or processes occur.	including communicating, investigating, and remediating any exceptions /
• Determine priority controls for continuous monitoring.				control weaknesses.

Continuous Improvement —



## Polling Question #4

Would you like a follow-up from Diligent to learn more about continuous control monitoring?

A. Yes, please

B. No thanks







# Questions?

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